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PERCEPCIÓN DEL AMBIENTE, SANEAMIENTO DE LA CUENCA DEL RÍO RECONQUISTA

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RESUMEN

Se presenta un modelo integrativo de sanemiento integral de la cuenta del Rio Reconquista. Se toma como modelo la experiencia del Rio Emsher en Alemania. Se considera la percepción y los esquemas de pensamiento ambienta de distintos actores sociales en el modelo de cambio. La Cuenca del Río Reconquista (CRR) se extiende a lo largo de 18 municipios de la provincia de Buenos Aires. La marginalidad de los espacios y sociedades en la actualidad se expresa también en dicho Río. El paisaje del CRR presenta condiciones ambientales críticas que exigen mejoras en los procesos de gestión, tanto en sus infraestructuras hídricas como también en sus estructuras urbanas. Las deficiencias históricas de la planificación espacial han dado lugar en el CRR a la expansión de la informalidad, instalaciones de residuos y complejos industriales en tierras propensas a inundaciones. La exitosa transformación integral de la Cuenca del Río Emscher (CRE) en el "cinturón de óxido" alemán es un potencial modelo para su posible adaptación al contexto del CRR. Ambos territorios, identificados como paisaje hídrico-urbano de agua presentan riesgos tanto por la contaminada infraestructura disfuncional debido a residuos agrícolas, industriales y/o habitacionales, como a los efectos extremos inducidos por el proceso del cambio climático.

Palabras clave
Percepcion - Esquemas - Rio Reconquista - Saneamiento

ABSTRACT

ENVIROMENT - RECONQUISTA RIVER, A DEVELPMENT INTEGRAL MODEL

Reconquista River Basin: adaptation from a sustainable design model. The Reconquista River Basin (RRB) extends within 18 municipalities of the Province of Buenos Aires. The marginality of space and societies of actuality is also expressed through this river. The RRB's landscapes exemplify critical environmental conditions that require improvements in the managerial processes, be it its hydric infrastructure as well as its urban structures. The historic deficiencies in the planning of the RRB area have given room to the expansion of informality; installation of residues and industrial complexes on areas prone to flooding. The successful integral transformation of the Emscher River Basin (ERB) within the German "oxide belt" is a potential model for the adaptation of the RRB. Both areas, identified as hydric-urban lands, represent risks in that the region is polluted by the dysfunctional infrastructure, caused by agricultural and industrial debris, and in that it suffers from the extreme effects from climate change. Hence, a model for sustainable design is presented based on the experiences learnt from the Emscher River Basin.

Keywords
Perception - Schemes - Rio Reconquista - Drainage

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